# powerbasse "



XMA-2200IR XMA-2405IR XMA-4250IR XMA-5900IR

# XMA MINI FRD AMPLIFIER

# **Owners Manual**

Please read through this manual to familiarize yourself with your new amplifier. Should your PowerBass Xtreme mobile amplifier ever require service, you will need to have the original dated receipt.

# powerbass T R E M E

# AMPLIFIERS

# Thank you and Congratulations

Thank you for your decision to purchase a PowerBass USA Xtreme mobile amplifier! Our new mini amplifiers are the result of extensive engineering, testing, and bullet proof construction. Their versatility enables compatibility with optional signal and audio processors. These high quality MOSFET amplifiers may be configured to allow maximum flexibility in designing different types of speaker systems.



# FULL RANGE CLASS D MINI AMPLIFIERS

The PowerBass XMA Series are high quality MOSFET amplifiers that are capable of running a system full range, or they may be selected only to power subwoofers. It is important that you closely follow the wiring instructions contained in this Owners Manual so that you get the most from your PowerBass Xtreme mobile amplifier.

# $\Delta$ Caution $\Delta$

High powered audio systems in a vehicle are capable of generating higher than "Live Concert" levels of sound pressure. Continued exposure to excessively high volume sound levels could cause hearing loss or damage. Also, operation of a motor vehicle while listening to audio equipment at high volume levels may impair your ability to hear external sounds such as horns, warning signals, or emergency vehicles—thus creating a potential traffic hazard. In the interest of safety, PowerBass USA highly recommends listening at lower volume levels when driving.

# **TECHNICAL FEATURES**

- FRD (Full Range Class-D) technology
- International Rectifier® Chip Set
- Ultra Low Current Draw
- High Damping Control Circuit
- High Efficiency SMD Circuit Technology
- Double Sided Copper Plated 4-Layer PCB
- Digital Sound Optimization Circuitry
- Quiet Switching
- High Current Voltage Ripple Rejection Circuitry
- Virtual Silence Turn On/Off Mute Circuit
- Advanced Protection Circuitry
- Balanced RCA Input Connectors
- 40 Click HPF/LPF Control
- Auto Turn-On Circuitry
- Fan Cooling (XMA-5900IR)
- High Level Input

# FRD-FULL RANGE CLASS D TECHNOLOGY

This amplifier represents the very latest in Class D technology. The XMA Series uses the new IR® (International Rectifier) platform which has been under development for the past several years. IR®, a leader in PWM circuit design, has worked in conjunction with PowerBass engineers to produce more stable power output, minimal RF interference and improved sound quality.

The benefits of this cooperative effort are many and include improved temperature, frequency, voltage regulation and drive capability to name a few.

The result to the user is a all around improved product that will provide years of listening enjoyment.



# **INSTALLATION EXPERIENCE**

Installation of PowerBass mobile amplifiers requires detailed knowledge of electronics wiring and proper speaker impedance. We strongly recommend installation by an authorized PowerBass dealer. This Owners Manual only provides general installation and operation instructions. If you have any reservations about your installation skills, please contact your local PowerBass dealer for assistance.

# IMPORTANT : This amplifier is designed for operation in vehicles with 12-volt Negative ground electrical systems only.

# PREPARING FOR INSTALLATION

# NOTE: The tools listed below may be required for basic installation

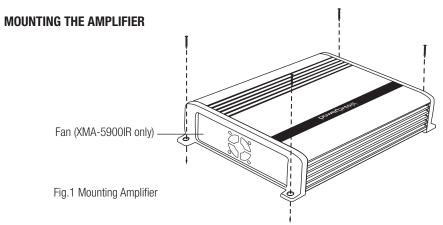
- An electric drill with bits
- Philips head and standard screwdrivers
- Wire strippers
- Crimping tool
- VOM (electronic volt ohm meter)
- Heat shrink tubing and heat gun
- Soldering iron
- Electronic (Rosen not Acid Core) Solder

# **INSTALLATION PRECAUTIONS**

# NOTE: Proceed only if you are a qualified installer, otherwise; see your Authorized PowerBass Dealer to professionally install this amplifier. Always wear protective eyewear when using tools.

- Turn off all stereo and other electrical devices before you begin.
- Disconnect the negative (-) lead from your vehicles battery.
- Locate all fuel lines, brake lines, oil lines, and electrical cables when planning the install.
- Make sure there is at least 2-inches (5 cm) around the air vents on the amplifier.
- When connecting ground points, make sure all paint is carefully scrapped away from the auto body and contact is made with bare metal.
- Use a utility knife to trim away fabric from hole locations before drilling or cutting.
- When running power cables through sheet metal, be sure to use grommets to properly insulate the metal edges from the wire insulation.
- If possible, use tubing through grommets.

WARNING: Check your vehicle's owner's manual before disconnecting the battery. Disconnecting the battery on some vehicles may require an anti-theft code when reconnecting the battery and require the on-board computer to be reset at the dealership. Check with your local dealer if you are uncertain.



To keep your PowerBass Xtreme amplifier running at top performance, choosing the proper location is of utmost importance. Both Thermal and Overload protection are built in. In the event of overheating, the amplifier may temporarily shut down operation. For this reason the amplifier should be mounted in a location which will allow air to circulate freely.

# **MOUNTING LOCATION**

Find a clear and well ventilated area to mount your amplifier that is unobstructed by any objects that will cause harm or block ventilation. Despite the fact that this amplifier is compact, it still needs air to cool the heatsink fins. Do not mount under a carpet or an area with dead or stagnant air. Without proper air flow the amplifier may overheat and go into protection where the thermal overload circuitry will shut down the amplifier.

# NOTE: Make sure not to block the cooling fan (XMA-5900IR only)

The amplifier should be protected from exposure to moisture and direct sunlight. The compact size of the amplifier allows greater flexibility in mounting. The best places to mount your amplifier are: The floor of the trunk, under the driver's seat, or on the back of the rear seat. For alternate installation locations, please consult your authorized PowerBass Dealer.

If mounting under a seat, make sure there is at least 1-inch (2.5cm) of space above the amplifiers heatsink to permit proper cooling.

You may use the amplifier as a template and mark the four screw locations with a felt tip pen. Set the amplifier aside before drilling. Use caution to make sure there are no objects behind the installation surface that may become damaged during drilling.

# NOTE: Do not use a drill with a driver bit to mount the amplifier. Excessive force could cause the plastic mounting feet to crack.

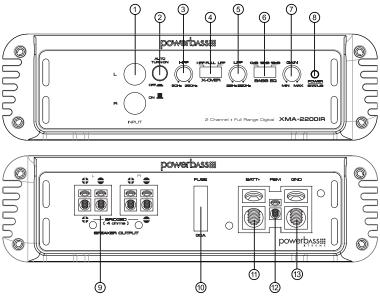
# **FUSE REQUIREMENTS**

While the panel your PowerBass amplifier incorporates one or more fuses, these do nothing to protect the vehicle from a dangerous short circuit. It is absolutely vital that the main power lead to the amplifier(s) in the system be fused within 18-inches (45cm) of the connection to the vehicle battery. The value of this fuse (or circuit breaker) should be no greater than the sum of the fuses found on all of the equipment being connected to that power wire.

# NOTE: Due to space limitations, the XMA-5900IR does NOT use chassis mounted protective fuses. Therefore you must add a fuse and fuse holder (not included) rated at 125A for each XMA-5900IR installed.

# \*\*\* WARNING \*\*\*

- Do not install in a place where it could injure the driver or passengers if the vehicle stops suddenly.
- Upside down mounting will compromise heat dissipation through the heatsink and could engage the Advanced Protection Circuitry.
- Try to avoid mounting the amplifier on a subwoofer enclosure, as extended exposure to vibration may cause malfunction of the amplifier.
- Don't mount the amplifier so that the wire connections are unprotected or are subject to pinching or damage from nearby objects.
- The DC power wire must be fused at the battery positive (+) terminal connection. Before making or breaking power connections at the amplifier power terminals, disconnect the DC power wire at the battery end.
- The battery of the car audio system must be disconnected until the entire wiring and installation is completed.



# **CONTROL PANEL LAYOUT XMA-2200IR**

Fig.2 Panel Layout

# NOTE: Panel Layout and Controls may differ by model.

# 1. Line INPUT (RCA) Jacks

These RCA style input jacks are for use with source units that have RCA line level outputs. A source unit with a minimum of 250mV is required for proper operation. However, this input will accept levels up to 10 Vrms.

# 2. AUTO-TURN ON

Eliminates the need to run a dedicated remote wire for amplifier power on/off. Works with high level only (HL-AD2 adapter required as shown on page 16)

# 3. HPF (High Pass Filter) 40 Click Detent Control

This control is continuously adjustable from 50Hz through 350Hz at 12dB per octave.

# 4. X-OVER Switch for LPF/FULL/HPF

Activates the built-in electronic crossover network. Works in conjunction with the LPF and HPF adjustable controls. When set to FULL, the two variable controls marked HPF and LPF have no effect on the amplifiers output.

# 5. LPF (Low Pass Filter) 40 Click Detent Control

This control is continuously adjustable from 25Hz through 250Hz at 12dB per octave.

# 6. BASS EQ Switch for 0dB/12dB/18dB

This equalization circuit is used to enhance the low frequency response of the vehicles interior. Selectable to 0dB (flat) or 12dB to 18dB of boost centered at 45Hz, the BASS EQ switch can be selected to meet your own personal tastes. Remember, more is not always better.

# 7. GAIN Control

This control is used to match the input sensitivity of the amplifier to the particular source unit that you are using.

# 8. POWER/STATUS Indicator

The clear LED lights Blue when the power is on—or turns Red constantly when the built-in protection circuitry is activated. Red indicates a problem with the system in relation to the amplifier. (See Troubleshooting Tips on pg 28)

# 9. SPEAKER Output Terminals

This specially tooled solderless terminal block is designed to accommodate up to 10-gauge speaker wire. Please refer to the wiring diagrams in this manual and be sure to observe speaker polarity and impedance throughout the system.

# 10. FUSE(S)

For convenience most PowerBass Xtreme amplifiers utilize common automotive ATC type fuses. For continued protection in the event that a fuse blows, replace the fuse only with the same value (see specification table). **CAUTION: These power fuses on the amplifier chassis are for protecting the amp against overdrive.** To protect the vehicles electrical system, an additional fuse should be used within 18-inches of the battery on the 12V+ cable.

XMA-5900IR 125A (Requires external fuse - not supplied)

# NOTE: Due to space limitations, the XMA-5900IR does NOT use chassis mounted protective fuses. Therefore you must add a fuse and fuse holder (not included) rated at 125A for each XMA-5900IR installed.

# 11. BATT+ (Power Input Connection)

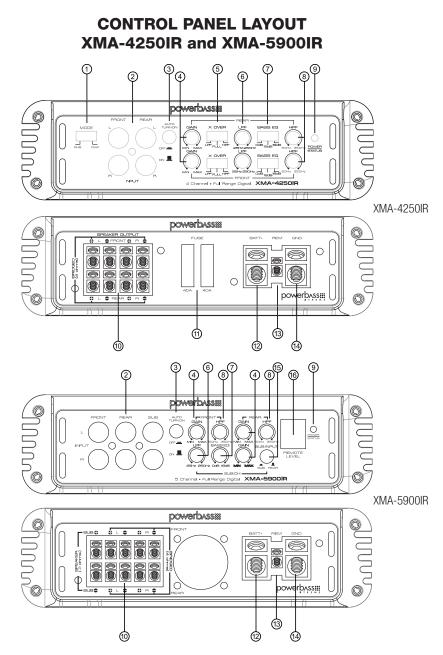
This solderless terminal is the main power input for the amplifier and must be connected directly to the 12-volt Positive (+) terminal of the car battery. The terminal can accept up to 2-gauge wire (see Power Cable Selection Chart for the minimum recommended wire gauges).

# 12. REM (Remote Input Connection)

All PowerBass Xtreme amplifiers can be turned on by applying 12 volts to this terminal. This can be found on the rear of the source unit in the form of a remote output. If this is not available you can wire to the ACC position on the key. An 18 gauge wire is sufficient to run the REMOTE.

# 13. GND (Ground Input Connection)

A good quality ground is required for your PowerBass Xtreme amplifier to operate at peak performance. A short length of cable the same gauge as the Power cable should be used to attach the Ground terminal directly to the chassis of the vehicle. Make sure that all of the paint is sanded or scraped away to ensure a good ground connection.



### 1. MODE

2CH or 4CH operation.

# 2. Line INPUT (RCA) Jacks

These RCA style input jacks are for use with source units that have RCA line level outputs. A source unit with a minimum of 250mV is required for proper operation. However, this input will accept levels up to 10 Vrms.

### 3. AUTO-TURN ON

Eliminates the need to run a dedicated remote wire for amplifier power on/off. Works with high level only (HL-AD2 adapter required as shown on page 16)

# 4. GAIN Control

This control is used to match the input sensitivity of the amplifier to the particular source unit that you are using.

### 5. X-OVER Switch for LPF/FULL/HPF

Activates the built-in electronic crossover network. Works in conjunction with the LPF and HPF adjustable controls. When set to FULL, the two variable controls marked HPF and LPF have no effect on the amplifiers output.

### 6. LPF (Low Pass Filter) 40 Click Detent Control

This control is continuously adjustable from 25Hz through 250Hz at 12dB per octave.

# 7. BASS EQ Switch for 0dB/12dB/18dB

This equalization circuit is used to enhance the low frequency response of the vehicles interior. Selectable to 0dB (flat) or 12dB to 18dB of boost centered at 45Hz, the BASS EQ switch can be selected to meet your own personal tastes. Remember, more is not always better.

### 8. HPF (High Pass Filter) 40 Click Detent Control

This control is continuously adjustable from 50Hz through 350Hz at 12dB per octave.

### 9. POWER/STATUS Indicator

The clear LED lights Blue when the power is on—or turns Red constantly when the built-in protection circuitry is activated. Red indicates a problem with the system in relation to the amplifier. (See Troubleshooting Tips on pg 28)

# **10. SPEAKER Output Terminals**

This specially tooled solderless terminal block is designed to accommodate up to 10-gauge speaker wire. Please refer to the wiring diagrams in this manual and be sure to observe speaker polarity and impedance throughout the system.

### 11. FUSE(S)

For convenience most PowerBass Xtreme amplifiers utilize common automotive ATC type fuses. For continued protection in the event that a fuse blows, replace the fuse only with the same value (see specification table). **CAUTION: These power fuses on the amplifier chassis are for protecting the amp against overdrive. To protect the vehicles electrical system, an additional fuse should be used within 18-inches of the battery on the 12V+ cable.** 

XMA-5900IR 125A (Requires external fuse - not supplied)

NOTE: Due to space limitations, the XMA-5900IR does NOT use chassis mounted protective fuses. Therefore you must add a fuse and fuse holder (not included) rated at 125A for each XMA-5900IR installed.

### 12. BATT+ (Power Input Connection)

This solderless terminal is the main power input for the amplifier and must be connected directly to the 12-volt Positive (+) terminal of the car battery. The terminal can accept up to 2-gauge wire (see Power Cable Selection Chart for the minimum recommended wire gauges).

### 13. REM (Remote Input Connection)

All PowerBass Xtreme amplifiers can be turned on by applying 12 volts to this terminal. This can be found on the rear of the source unit in the form of a remote output. If this is not available you can wire to the ACC position on the key. An 18 gauge wire is sufficient to run the REMOTE.

# 14. GND (Ground Input Connection)

A good quality ground is required for your PowerBass Xtreme amplifier to operate at peak performance. A short length of cable the same gauge as the Power cable should be used to attach the Ground terminal directly to the chassis of the vehicle. Make sure that all of the paint is sanded or scraped away to ensure a good ground connection.

# **POWER WIRING AND SIGNAL CONNECTIONS**

# \*\*\* WARNING \*\*\*

Disconnect the negative (-) battery terminal before you start any wiring work! The battery of your car audio system must be disconnected until the entire wiring installation is completed.

Your PowerBass Xtreme amplifier requires unrestricted current to deliver peak performance, so do not "starve" your amplifier by using small power cable. Using under sized power cable can result in unnecessary overheating of the amplifier, distortion at high volume levels and might even cause the thermal protection circuitry to shut-off the amplifier. Remember, bigger wire is better! For best results we recommend a PowerBass amplifier install kit, available at your local PowerBass dealer.

- Use rubber grommets when running cables through any metal or sharp plastic to prevent accidental shorting or shearing. Make sure the cables do not interfere with normal operation of the vehicle.
- The audio signal cables (RCA interconnects) should be kept far away from any potential sources of
  electrical interference such as electronic vehicle management systems (relays, engine computers etc.),
  wiring harnesses, fuel pumps etc.

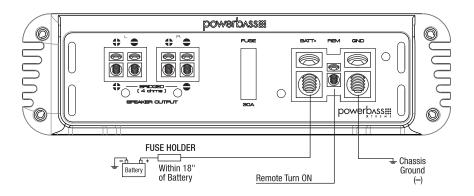


Fig.3 Power Input Connection

These amplifiers are designed to work within a 10 to 16 volt DC range. Before any wires are connected, the vehicles electrical system should be checked for correct voltage supply with the help of a voltmeter.

First, check the voltage at the battery with the ignition in the OFF position. The voltmeter should read no less than 12V. If your vehicles electrical system is not up to these specifications, we recommend having it checked by an auto electrician before any further installation. Once the vehicle is checked, make certain the correct cable gauge is used. The XMA amplifier terminals are capable of accepting up to 4 gauge power and ground cable. We recommend using as large a gauge cable as possible, use the Power Cable Selection Chart to calculate the correct power wire size for your application.

# **POWER WIRING**

# BATT+ (Power)

This amplifier should be wired directly to the vehicle battery using the appropriate size cable. Start at the vehicle battery and run the power cable through to the amplifier. Avoid running the power cable over engine components and near heater cores. **The use of an inline fuse or circuit breaker is a must**; this will prevent the risk of a potential fire caused by a short in your power cable. Connect the fuse holder or circuit breaker as close to the battery positive (+) terminal as possible (within 18" from the battery). This fuse or circuit breaker should be no greater then the sum of the fuses found on the chassis of your amplifier (also see specifications chart). You may now connect the cable to the battery, but remember to leave the fuse out or circuit breaker "off" until all other cable connections are made.

# GND (Ground)

When grounding your amplifier, locate a metal area close to the amplifier that is good source of ground (preferable the floor pan). Use a short length of cable the same gauge as your power cable. Once again, investigate the area you wish to use for electrical wires, vacuum lines, and brake or fuel lines. Use either a wire brush or sandpaper to eliminate unwanted paint for better contact of the ground.

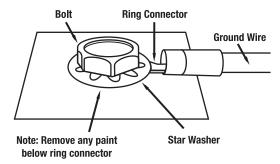


Fig.4 Ground Connection

Secure the ground cable to the body using a bolt, star washer and nut. Spread silicon over the screw and bare metal to prevent rust and possible water leaks.

# NOTE: The Ground must be capable of carrying the same amount of current as the positive wire.

**Now it's time to connect the power and ground cables to the amplifier.** Cut both cables to length. Strip off 1/2 inch (12mm) of the insulation so that the bare wire fits all the way in the terminal block on the side panel of the amplifier, seating it firmly so no bare wire is exposed. Use a screw driver to losen the BATT+ and the GND connection on the amplifier. Insert the ground first, and then the +12V and please make sure that you place them into the correctly marked terminals. Hand thighten the set screws and make sure the connection is secure to prevent possible arcing due to loose screws.

# **REM (Remote Trigger)**

This terminal must be connected to a switched +12V source. Typically, a remote turn-on lead is provided at the source unit that will turn on and off the amplifier in correspondence with the source. If this lead is not at the source unit, then a switched +12V supply must be used, like the ACC, +12V.

Run a minimum of 18 gauge wire from the amplifier location to the source of the switched +12V lead. If possible, route this wire on the same side of the vehicle as your power cable. Connect the source remote output to the wire. Go back to the amplifier and cut the wire to length. Loosen the screw terminal marked REM on the amplifier. Insert the stripped (bare) portion of the wire into the terminal and tighten the screw securely.

# **AUTO TURN-ON Button**

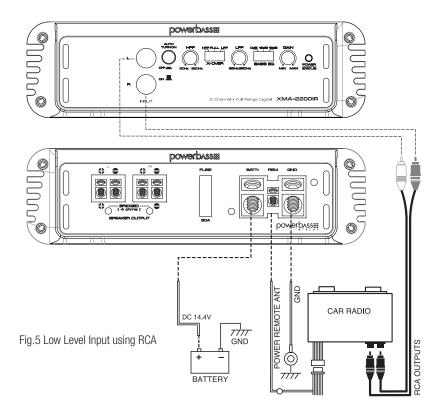
This unit features a High Level Auto Turn-on circuit that eliminates the need to run a separate Remote Turn-on Lead to the terminal marked REM located between the amplifiers BATT+ and GND power terminals. To engage this circuitry make sure the AUTO TURN-ON button is in the ON (out) position Requires optional HL-AD2 wiring harness (see pg 16). When this button is the OFF (in) position the amplifier will require a dedicated remote wire to power the amplifier. If you are using the RCA Low Level inputs you will need to run the Remote Turn-on wire and set the button to the OFF (in) position.

# **CONNECTIONS TO AMPLIFIER FOR BATT+, GND, REM AND SPEAKERS**

Your PowerBass Xtreme amplifier features specially tooled solderless terminals for Power (BATT+), Ground, Remote, and Speaker connections. For maximum transfer of Voltage and Signal the bare wire needs to be inserted as far as possible into the terminal before tightening the set screw. For Power (BATT+) and Ground connections it is highly recommended that the bare ends of the wires are tinned with solder before inserting them into the terminal. Hand tighten the set screw and make sure the connection is secure to prevent possible arcing due to loose screws.

**NOTE:** It is highly recommended that an Allen wrench is used to tighten the set screws in the terminal blocks by hand and NOT a power drill. This will prevent stripping or other possible damage to the amplifier.

# RCA INTERCONNECT (XMA-2200IR/2405IR)



**Low Level Input -** Choose the correct length and style of RCA interconnects for your needs. Always use high quality RCA audio cables (not supplied) for signal connections—those with multiple layers of shielding or a twisted pair variety for better noise rejection.

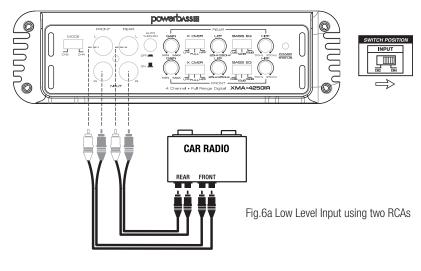
Be extra careful when routing your RCA audio interconnect cables. Car environments are notorious for poorly insulated wires. This means that hiss, engine noise, and fan noise can easily be picked up through RCA cables if run incorrectly.

Make sure that the cables for power and audio signal are not on the same side of the vehicle and that they do not cross each other; this will help reduce any noise that may radiate from the power cable and the signal cable. If an audio cable is too close to a power cable, it may pick up the magnetic field generated by the power cable, which could lead to a loss of quality in your signal.

# NOTE: This is the preferred method.

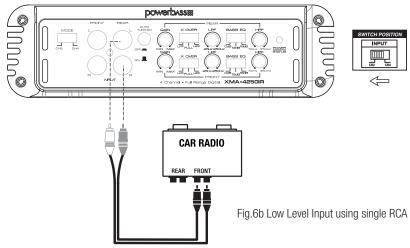
# **RCA INTERCONNECT (XMA-4250IR)**

# **Dual RCA OUT (Front and Rear)**



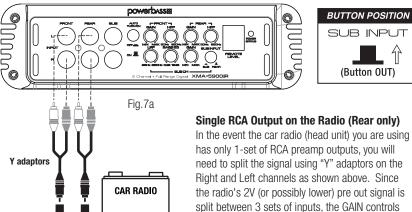
OR





# XMA-5900IR

# Single RCA OUT

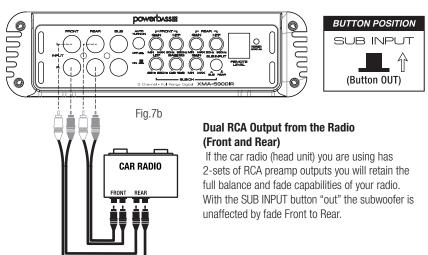


the radio's 2V (or possibly lower) pre out signal is split between 3 sets of inputs, the GAIN controls will need to be set considerably higher to maximize the amplifiers ouput. By doing this you will lose the Front to Rear fader capability as only the Rear RCA is being used.

BUTTON POSITION SUB INPUT

(Button OUT)

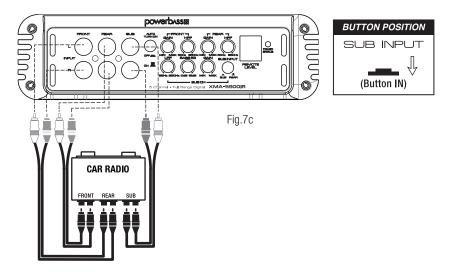
11



# **Dual RCA OUT (Front and Rear)**

# XMA-5900IR (continued)

# Three RCA OUT (Front and Rear plus Subwoofer)



# Three RCA Outputs from the Radio (Front and Rear plus Subwoofer)

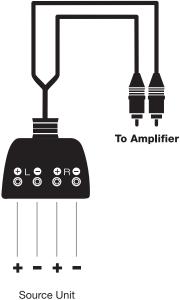
This is the optimum configuration for this amplifier by providing 3-sets of discrete signal to the preamp. It will also offer the most flexibility in tuning the system.

# **HIGH LEVEL INPUT PLUG**

The balanced input of this XMA series amplifier can receive either low (RCA) or high (speaker lead) level signals from the source unit (radio). A high level signal can be run from the source units speaker lead outputs to the low level RCA amplifier inputs via the PowerBass HL-AD2 wiring harness (available separately as shown below.

Fig.8 Optional High Level Input

HL-AD2 Wire Harness (optional accessory)



Source Unit Speaker Leads (high level output)

# SET UP ADJUSTMENTS

# **INPUT Gain Adjustment**



Fig.9 GAIN Control

This control allows you to match the input level of the amplifier to the output level of your head unit. Matching the input can be accomplished in three simple steps:

- 1. Set the volume of GAIN on the amplifier to Min (completely counter clock wise).
- 2. Turn on the head unit and adjust volume to 2/3 maximum, and set the BASS and TREBLE to zero.
- 3. Adjust the GAIN control clockwise until the sound **just begins** to distort, then back off slightly to cut distortion and operate at optimum gain.

Remember, the **GAIN control is not a volume control**. Ignoring the three steps above may leave you with damaged speaker and/or a damaged amplifier.



Fig.10 Bass EQ Control

# **BASS EQ Switch**

This special feature is designed to provide you more powerful sound quality, and it allows you to boost the real Bass EQ up +18dB. The level of boost can be set to either 0 (no boost), +12dB or +18dB. Keep in mind that more is not always better! Setting the control to the max (18dB) can stress the amplifier and the speakers which may result in damage to your system.



Fig.11 High Pass Control (HPF)

# HPF (High Pass Filter) 40 Click Detent Control

When you are using coaxial or component speaker system, this allows you to adjust high-pass X-over frequency from 50Hz to 350Hz. To get better sound quality from coaxial or component speaker system, we recommend the frequency should be higher than 80Hz. Make sure the X-OVER switch is positioned at "HPF". See the charts on pages 24-27 to set the High Pass Filter to the precise frequency for your particular amplifier.



# LPF (Low Pass Filter) 40 Click Detent Control

Using this volume, adjust the LPF frequency for your subwoofer speaker(s) operation. The X-OVER switch position should be at "LPF". Use the enclosed chart to precisely dial in desired frequency. See the charts on pages 24-27 to set the Low Pass Filter to the precise frequency for your particular amplifier.

| INPUT | MODE |
|-------|------|
| INF   | рUT  |
|       | Ш    |
| СН2   | CH4  |

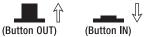
Fig.13 2-4 Channel Input Mode

# Input Mode Switch (XMA-4250IR ONLY)

Matches the input from the Source Unit to that of the amplifier, either 2 or 4 Channel. This eliminates the use of "Y" adapters and provides a cleaner input signal.

# **SPECIAL CONTROLS FOR THE XMA 5900IR**

The following instructions apply to the model XMA-5900IR only. You will not find these controls on any of the other models in this series.



# Sub Input Button

The XMA-5900IR is a 5-channel amplifier that incorporates an advanced crossover network and a Subwoofer Remote Level control. You are able to select which of the 4 inputs that subwoofer signal is sourced to. With the Subwoofer Source button in the out position the subwoofer will receive its signal from a sum of the FRONT/REAR inputs. With the button in, the subwoofer signal will come from the SUB inputs.



# **BASS EQ Variable Control**

This special feature is designed to provide you more powerful sound quality, and it allows you to adjust the Bass EQ up to 18dB at 45Hz. Keep in mind more is not always better. Setting the control to the max (18dB) may stress the amplifier and woofer and could result in damage.

# SPEAKER WIRING AND CONFIGURATIONS

# Speaker Load

Keep in mind your PowerBass Xtreme amplifier is a high power amplifier and not a high current amplifier. In other words **this amplifier requires a minimum impedance of 2 ohms STEREO or 4 ohms bridged MONO to operate trouble free.** Lower impedance will send the amplifier into protection and possibly damage the electronics inside and void the waranty.

The XMA-5900IR is stable to 2-ohms on the SUB channel.

# NOTE: Know your total impedance load before you make any connections.

# **Speaker Wiring**

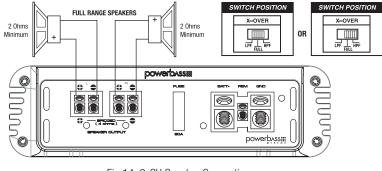
Choose the correct speaker wire for your application. Most applications will require a minimum of 16 gauge wire. Route these using the same precautions as you did when you ran the power cable. Terminate these wires at the speaker end using insulated speaker terminals (not supplied) or by soldering the connection. Make sure the speaker connections are positive-to-positive and negative-to-negative. At the amplifier end, it is very important that the wires are making solid contact. Strip the wires insulation back approximately 1/2 inch (12mm) and insert the wires into the appropriate openings while being careful there are no loose or frayed strands of wire straying from the terminal. Check to make sure you've maintained proper polarity and balance.

# CAUTION

Maintaining proper impedance is critical when wiring the Full Range Digital model amplifiers. Improper wiring can cause severe damage to BOTH the woofer and the amplifier. Detailed wiring diagrams are supplied with all PowerBass woofers. IF YOU ARE NOT EXPERIENCED OR UNCOMFORTABLE READING THE WIRING DIAGRAMS CONSULT YOUR AUTHORIZED POWERBASS DEALER BEFORE YOU ATTEMPT TO WIRE THE SYSTEM.

Tech Support 8:30am-5:30pm Pacific Time (909) 923-3868 www.powerbassusa.com

# Speaker Output Connections 2 Channel Model (XMA 2200IR/2405IR)



# 1. 2-Channel Speaker Output Connection

Fig.14 2-CH Speaker Connection (Do not connect total impedance under 2 ohms)

# 2. 1-Channel (Bridged Mode) Speaker Output Connection

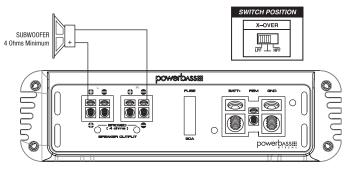
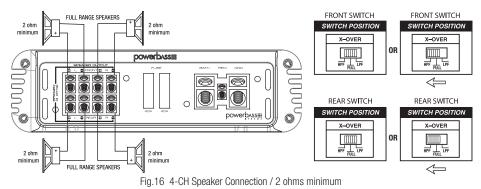


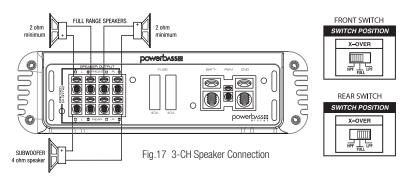
Fig.15 1-CH (Bridged Mode) Speaker Connection (Do not connect total impedance under 4 ohms)



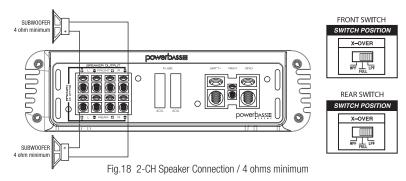
# **Speaker Output Connections 4 Channel Model (XMA 4250IR)** 3. 4-Channel Speaker Output Connection



# 4. 3-Channel Stereo/Mono Speaker Output Connection



# 5. 2-Channel (Bridged Mode) Speaker Output Connection



# Speaker Output Connections 5 Channel Model (XMA 5900IR)

# FUL RANCE SPEAKERS

# 6. 5-Channel Speaker Output Connection

Fig.19 5-CH Speaker Connection / 2 ohms minimum

# 7. 3-Channel Speaker Output Connection

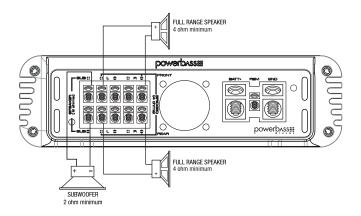


Fig.20 3-CH Speaker Connection

# **RECOMMENDED WIRE SIZES**

| Power Cable Selection Chart |       |                      |        |         |          |          |          |
|-----------------------------|-------|----------------------|--------|---------|----------|----------|----------|
| Fuse Total                  | 4Ft   | 4-7Ft                | 7-10Ft | 10-13Ft | 13-16 Ft | 16-19 Ft | 19-22 Ft |
| In Amperes                  |       | Length of Wire/Gauge |        |         |          |          |          |
| 150A - 200A                 | 2 GA  | 2 GA                 | 2 GA   | *1/0*   | *1/0*    | *1/0*    | *1/0*    |
| 125A - 150A                 | 4 GA  | 4 GA                 | 4 GA   | 4 GA    | 2 GA     | 2 GA     | 2 GA     |
| 105A - 125A                 | 8 GA  | 8 GA                 | 8 GA   | 4 GA    | 4 GA     | 4 GA     | 2 GA     |
| 85A - 105A                  | 8 GA  | 8 GA                 | 8 GA   | 4 GA    | 4 GA     | 4 GA     | 4 GA     |
| 65A - 85A                   | 10 GA | 8 GA                 | 8 GA   | 8 GA    | 4 GA     | 4 GA     | 4 GA     |
| 50A - 65A                   | 10 GA | 10 GA                | 8 GA   | 8 GA    | 8 GA     | 8 GA     | 8 GA     |
| 35A - 50A                   | 10 GA | 10 GA                | 10 GA  | 8 GA    | 8 GA     | 8 GA     | 8 GA     |
| 25A - 35A                   | 10GA  | 10GA                 | 10GA   | 10GA    | 8GA      | 8GA      | 8GA      |

PowerBass makes several types of amplifier wiring kits to assist with the installation of your PowerBass amplifier. Consult your local PowerBass dealer for details. For more information about recommended power wire check out our website at www.powerbassusa.com.

# **PERSONAL NOTES:**

| Name:           |
|-----------------|
|                 |
| Date Purchased: |
|                 |
| Dealer:         |
|                 |
| Installed By:   |
|                 |
| Model:          |
|                 |
| Serial Number:  |
| Missellenseus   |
| Miscellaneous:  |

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# **40 CLICK PRECISION ROTARY CONTROLS**



These controls allow precise setting of the electronic crossover settings on the amplifier, thus taking the guesswork out of tuning your speakers. Using a small slotted screwdriver make sure the controls are turned all the way to the left (counter clockwise). Refer to the chart and count the clicks (advancing one detent at a time clockwise) until you have reached the desired frequency.

This precise method of setting the crossover controls is available for the LPF and HPF features on the 2-channel and 4-channel amplifiers. It is available for the HPF and LPF/SUB features on the 5-channel amplifier.

# NOTE: Select the appropriate chart for your particular model amplifier



# XMA-5900IR

| Click<br>Position | FRONT High<br>Pass Freq | REAR High<br>Pass Freq | SUB Low<br>Pass Freq |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1                 | 60Hz                    | 65Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 2                 | 60Hz                    | 65Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 3                 | 60Hz                    | 65Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 4                 | 60Hz                    | 65Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 5                 | 60Hz                    | 65Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 6                 | 60Hz                    | 65Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 7                 | 60Hz                    | 66Hz                   | 34Hz                 |
| 8                 | 62Hz                    | 66Hz                   | 35Hz                 |
| 9                 | 63Hz                    | 66Hz                   | 36Hz                 |
| 10                | 64Hz                    | 67Hz                   | 37Hz                 |
| 11                | 66Hz                    | 69Hz                   | 38Hz                 |
| 12                | 69Hz                    | 71Hz                   | 40Hz                 |
| 13                | 72Hz                    | 75Hz                   | 42Hz                 |
| 14                | 75Hz                    | 79Hz                   | 44Hz                 |
| 15                | 79Hz                    | 83Hz                   | 46Hz                 |
| 16                | 82Hz                    | 87Hz                   | 49Hz                 |
| 17                | 86Hz                    | 90Hz                   | 51Hz                 |
| 18                | 91Hz                    | 95Hz                   | 54Hz                 |
| 19                | 95Hz                    | 99Hz                   | 57Hz                 |
| 20                | 100Hz                   | 110Hz                  | 60Hz                 |
| 21                | 105Hz                   | 117Hz                  | 64Hz                 |
| 22                | 120Hz                   | 122Hz                  | 69Hz                 |
| 23                | 128Hz                   | 130Hz                  | 74Hz                 |
| 24                | 138Hz                   | 136Hz                  | 81Hz                 |
| 25                | 150Hz                   | 142Hz                  | 87Hz                 |
| 26                | 158Hz                   | 153Hz                  | 96Hz                 |
| 27                | 170Hz                   | 162Hz                  | 107Hz                |
| 28                | 183Hz                   | 185Hz                  | 138Hz                |
| 29                | 210Hz                   | 200Hz                  | 148Hz                |
| 30                | 240Hz                   | 228Hz                  | 170Hz                |
| 31                | 283Hz                   | 265Hz                  | 192Hz                |
| 32                | 295Hz                   | 290Hz                  | 205Hz                |
| 33                | 320Hz                   | 310Hz                  | 222Hz                |
| 34                | 350Hz                   | 330Hz                  | 240Hz                |
| 35                | 353Hz                   | 350Hz                  | 250Hz                |
| 36                | 360Hz                   | 360Hz                  | 255Hz                |
| 37                | 375Hz                   | 370Hz                  | 260Hz                |
| 38                | 380Hz                   | 378Hz                  | 262Hz                |
| 39                | 380Hz                   | 385Hz                  | 263Hz                |
| 40                | 380Hz                   | 385Hz                  | 264Hz                |

# XMA-4250IR

| Click<br>Position | FRONT High<br>Pass Freq | FRONT Low<br>Pass Freq | REAR High<br>Pass Freq | FRONT Low<br>Pass Freq |
|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1                 | 56Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 2                 | 56Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 3                 | 56Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 4                 | 56Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 5                 | 56Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 6                 | 57Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 7                 | 57Hz                    | 27Hz                   | 56Hz                   | 27Hz                   |
| 8                 | 58Hz                    | 28Hz                   | 57Hz                   | 28Hz                   |
| 9                 | 59Hz                    | 28Hz                   | 57Hz                   | 28Hz                   |
| 10                | 60Hz                    | 29Hz                   | 58Hz                   | 29Hz                   |
| 11                | 62Hz                    | 30Hz                   | 59Hz                   | 30Hz                   |
| 12                | 63Hz                    | 31Hz                   | 60Hz                   | 31Hz                   |
| 13                | 67Hz                    | 33Hz                   | 62Hz                   | 33Hz                   |
| 14                | 70Hz                    | 36Hz                   | 64Hz                   | 36Hz                   |
| 15                | 73Hz                    | 39Hz                   | 67Hz                   | 39Hz                   |
| 16                | 75Hz                    | 42Hz                   | 69Hz                   | 42Hz                   |
| 17                | 79Hz                    | 44Hz                   | 71Hz                   | 44Hz                   |
| 18                | 81Hz                    | 46Hz                   | 73Hz                   | 46Hz                   |
| 19                | 85Hz                    | 48Hz                   | 77Hz                   | 48Hz                   |
| 20                | 91Hz                    | 50Hz                   | 81Hz                   | 50Hz                   |
| 21                | 96Hz                    | 54Hz                   | 84Hz                   | 54Hz                   |
| 22                | 105Hz                   | 58Hz                   | 89Hz                   | 58Hz                   |
| 23                | 120Hz                   | 63Hz                   | 94Hz                   | 63Hz                   |
| 24                | 130Hz                   | 68Hz                   | 100Hz                  | 68Hz                   |
| 25                | 150Hz                   | 72Hz                   | 112Hz                  | 72Hz                   |
| 26                | 170Hz                   | 79Hz                   | 120Hz                  | 79Hz                   |
| 27                | 185Hz                   | 89Hz                   | 130Hz                  | 89Hz                   |
| 28                | 230Hz                   | 100Hz                  | 145Hz                  | 100Hz                  |
| 29                | 270Hz                   | 120Hz                  | 165Hz                  | 120Hz                  |
| 30                | 300Hz                   | 145Hz                  | 185Hz                  | 145Hz                  |
| 31                | 330Hz                   | 180Hz                  | 225Hz                  | 180Hz                  |
| 32                | 360Hz                   | 190Hz                  | 260Hz                  | 190Hz                  |
| 33                | 370Hz                   | 200Hz                  | 295Hz                  | 200Hz                  |
| 34                | 380Hz                   | 225Hz                  | 325Hz                  | 225Hz                  |
| 35                | 390Hz                   | 235Hz                  | 345Hz                  | 235Hz                  |
| 36                | 395Hz                   | 240Hz                  | 350Hz                  | 240Hz                  |
| 37                | 400Hz                   | 250Hz                  | 360Hz                  | 250Hz                  |
| 38                | 400Hz                   | 260Hz                  | 370Hz                  | 260Hz                  |
| 39                | 400Hz                   | 260Hz                  | 390Hz                  | 260Hz                  |
| 40                | 400Hz                   | 260Hz                  | 400Hz                  | 260Hz                  |

# XMA-2200IR/2405IR

| Click<br>Position | High<br>Pass Freq | Low<br>Pass Freq |
|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| 1                 | 55Hz              | 19Hz             |
| 2                 | 55Hz              | 19Hz             |
| 3                 | 55Hz              | 19Hz             |
| 4                 | 55Hz              | 19Hz             |
| 5                 | 55Hz              | 19Hz             |
| 6                 | 55Hz              | 20Hz             |
| 7                 | 56Hz              | 20Hz             |
| 8                 | 57Hz              | 21Hz             |
| 9                 | 58Hz              | 22Hz             |
| 10                | 58Hz              | 23Hz             |
| 11                | 59Hz              | 24Hz             |
| 12                | 60Hz              | 25Hz             |
| 13                | 62Hz              | 26Hz             |
| 14                | 64Hz              | 28Hz             |
| 15                | 66Hz              | 30Hz             |
| 16                | 69Hz              | 32Hz             |
| 17                | 71Hz              | 35Hz             |
| 18                | 73Hz              | 38Hz             |
| 19                | 77Hz              | 42Hz             |
| 20                | 80Hz              | 45Hz             |
| 21                | 84Hz              | 49Hz             |
| 22                | 90Hz              | 53Hz             |
| 23                | 95Hz              | 56Hz             |
| 24                | 100Hz             | 62Hz             |
| 25                | 112Hz             | 69Hz             |
| 26                | 128Hz             | 76Hz             |
| 27                | 135Hz             | 88Hz             |
| 28                | 150Hz             | 103Hz            |
| 29                | 170Hz             | 135Hz            |
| 30                | 195Hz             | 165Hz            |
| 31                | 230Hz             | 185Hz            |
| 32                | 275Hz             | 200Hz            |
| 33                | 300Hz             | 220Hz            |
| 34                | 335Hz             | 235Hz            |
| 35                | 365Hz             | 245Hz            |
| 36                | 375Hz             | 255Hz            |
| 37                | 395Hz             | 260Hz            |
| 38                | 400Hz             | 265Hz            |
| 39                | 405Hz             | 265Hz            |
| 40                | 405Hz             | 265Hz            |

# **TROUBLESHOOTING TIPS**

| Problem  | Solution  |  |
|--|---|--|
| Power LED not ON   | With a Volt Ohm Meter (VOM) check:<br>• +12 Volt power terminal (should read +12 to +16VDC<br>• Remote turn-on terminal (should read +12 to +16VDC)<br>• Ground Terminal  |  |
| Power LED lights BLUE, no output   | <ul> <li>Check RCA connections</li> <li>Test speaker outputs with known good speaker</li> <li>Substitute known good Source Unit</li> <li>Check for signal on the RCA cable with VOM in AC position</li> </ul>   |  |
| Power LED lights BLUE, amp plays<br>at very low volume on one or more<br>outputs   | • Short circuit protection is engaged. Check for speaker wires shorted to each other or the vehicle chassis. Speakers operating below the minimum impedance can cause this to occur.  |  |
| <ul> <li>Red Status Protection LED is ON, no output and</li> <li>1. Amp is VERY HOT</li> <li>2. Amp shuts down ONLY when the vehicle is running</li> </ul> | <ul> <li>Thermal protection is engaged. Check for proper impedance at speaker terminals. Also check for adequate air flow around the amplifier.</li> <li>Voltage protection engaged. Voltage to the amp is not within the 10-16 VDC operating range. Have the battery/charging system inspected.</li> </ul> |  |
| Alternator noise (varies with RPM)   | <ul> <li>Check for damaged RCA cable.</li> <li>Check routing of RCA cable</li> <li>Check Source Unit for good ground</li> <li>Check amp gain setting, turn down if set too high</li> </ul>  |  |
| Poor Bass Response   | Check speaker polarity, reverse the connection of one speaker only.   |  |

NOTE: If the Status L.E.D. is activated and glows RED with no speakers connected to the amplifier, and all the power connections are correct, this would indicate an internal problem with the amplifier. Contact PowerBass USA or your local dealer.

# SPECIFICATIONS FOR XTREME MINI AMPLIFIER

| Two Channel Model   | XMA-2200IR   | XMA-2405IR         |
|---|--|--------------------|
| 4 Ohms Power (Watts)  | 100 x 2  | 200 x 2            |
| 2 Ohms Power (Watts)  | 200 x 2  | 400 x 2            |
| 4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)   | 400 x 1  | 800 x 1            |
| Peak Music Power (Watts)  | 800  | 1600               |
| THD @ RMS Power   | < 0.5%   | < 0.2%             |
| Frequency Response  | 10Hz - 40kHz   | 10Hz - 40kHz       |
| S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)   | > 90dB   | > 90dB             |
| Input Sensitivity   | 250mV - 10.0 volts   | 250mV - 10.0 volts |
| Crossover Slope   | 12dB   | 12dB               |
| High-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)  | 50Hz - 350Hz   | 50Hz - 350Hz       |
| Low-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)   | 25Hz - 250Hz   | 25Hz - 250Hz       |
| Selectable Subwoofer EQ   | 0 / 12dB / 18dB  | 0 / 12dB / 18dB    |
| Subwoofer EQ Freq.  | 45Hz   | 45Hz               |
| Fuses/ ATC Style  | 30A x 1  | 30A x 2            |
|   |  |                    |
| Dimension   | 2.0" x 7.1" x 7.6"   | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Dimension Four Channel Model  | 2.0" x 7.1" x 7.6"<br>XMA-4250IR   | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
|   |  | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model  | XMA-4250IR   | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model<br>4 Ohms Power (Watts)  | <b>XMA-4250IR</b><br>125 x 4   | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model<br>4 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>2 Ohms Power (Watts)  | <b>XMA-4250IR</b><br>125 x 4<br>250 x 4  | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model<br>4 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>2 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)   | XMA-4250IR<br>125 x 4<br>250 x 4<br>500 x 2  | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model<br>4 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>2 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)<br>Peak Music Power (Watts)   | XMA-4250IR<br>125 x 4<br>250 x 4<br>500 x 2<br>2000  | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model<br>4 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>2 Ohms Power (Watts)<br>4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)<br>Peak Music Power (Watts)<br>THD @ RMS Power  | XMA-4250IR<br>125 x 4<br>250 x 4<br>500 x 2<br>2000<br>< 0.2%                                    | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response  | XMA-4250IR<br>125 x 4<br>250 x 4<br>500 x 2<br>2000<br>< 0.2%<br>10Hz - 40KHz                    | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response         S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)  | XMA-4250IR           125 x 4           250 x 4           500 x 2           2000           < 0.2% | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response         S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)         Input Sensitivity  | XMA-4250IR           125 x 4           250 x 4           500 x 2           2000           < 0.2% | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response         S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)         Input Sensitivity         Crossover Slope  | XMA-4250IR           125 x 4           250 x 4           500 x 2           2000           < 0.2% | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response         S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)         Input Sensitivity         Crossover Slope         High-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)   | XMA-4250IR           125 x 4           250 x 4           500 x 2           2000           < 0.2% | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response         S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)         Input Sensitivity         Crossover Slope         High-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)         Low-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz) | XMA-4250IR           125 x 4           250 x 4           500 x 2           2000           < 0.2% | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |
| Four Channel Model         4 Ohms Power (Watts)         2 Ohms Power (Watts)         4 Ohms Mono Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         Peak Music Power (Watts)         THD @ RMS Power         Frequency Response         S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)         Input Sensitivity         Crossover Slope         High-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)         Low-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)  | XMA-4250IR           125 x 4           250 x 4           500 x 2           2000           < 0.2% | 2.0" x 7.1" x 9.2" |

# SPECIFICATIONS FOR XTREME MINI AMPLIFIER Cont.

| Five Channel Model                           | XMA 5900IR                 |
|--|----------------------------|
| 4 Ohms Stereo Power (Watts)                  | 100 x 4 + 500 x 1          |
| 2 Ohms Stereo Power (Watts)                  | 200 x 4 + 800 x 1          |
| 4 Ohms Bridged Power (Watts)                 | 400 x 2 + 800 x 1 (2-0hm)  |
| Peak Music Power (Watts)                     | 3200                       |
| THD @ RMS Power                              | < 0.2%                     |
| Frequency Response                           | 10Hz - 40kHz               |
| S/N Ratio (EIA Rated)                        | > 90dB                     |
| Input Sensitivity                            | 250mV - 10.0 volts         |
| Crossover Slope                              | 12dB                       |
| High-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz)               | 50Hz - 350Hz               |
| Low-Pass Crossover Freq. (Hz / Sub Out only) | 25Hz - 250Hz               |
| Variable Subwoofer EQ                        | 0 - 18dB                   |
| Subwoofer EQ Freq.                           | 45Hz                       |
| Fuse Rating / Style                          | 125A* CAUTION (READ BELOW) |
| Dimension ( 52 x 180 x 373mm )               | 2.0" x 7.1" x 14.7"        |

**Important Notes:** 

- Due to continuing improvements these specifications are subject to change without any notice.
- Do not attempt to fix or repair this unit. Unauthorized repairs will void the manufacturer's warranty.

\* FUSE NOTE: Due to space limitations, the XMA-5900IR does NOT use chassis mounted protective fuses. Therefore you must add a fuse and fuse holder (not included) rated at 125A for each XMA-5900IR installed.

# POWERBASS ELECTRONICS LIMITED WARRANTY POLICY

PowerBass USA, Inc. offers limited warranty on PowerBass products under normal use on the following terms:

# PowerBass Xtreme Amplifiers are to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of one (1) year.

This warranty applies only to PowerBass products sold to consumers by Authorized PowerBass Dealers in the United States of America. Products purchased by consumers from a PowerBass dealer in another country are covered only by that country's Distributor and not by PowerBass USA.

This warranty covers only the original purchaser of PowerBass product. In order to receive service, the purchaser must provide PowerBass with the receipt stating the consumer name, dealer, product and date of purchase.

Products found to be defective during the warranty period will be repaired or replaced (with a product deemed to be equivalent) at PowerBass's discretion and will not be liable for incidental or consequential damages. PowerBass will not warranty this product under the following situations:

- · Amplifiers received with apparent rust or corrosion
- Any evidence of liquid damage or exposure to excessive heat
- · Attempted repairs or alterations of any nature
- Product that has not been installed according to this owners manual

Any implied warranties including warranties of fitness for use and merchantability are limited in duration to the period of the express warranty set forth above. Some states do not allow limitations on the length of an implied warranty, so this limitation may not apply. No person is authorized to assume for PowerBass any other liability in connection with the sale of this product.

Please call (909) 923-3868 for PowerBass Customer Service. You must obtain an RA# (Return Authorization Number) to return any product to PowerBass. The RA number must be prominently marked on the outside of the shipping carton or the delivery will be refused. Please pack your return carefully; we are not responsible for items damaged in shipping. Return the defective product along with a copy of the original dated retail sales receipt, plus \$12.00 for handling and diagnostic evaluation to:

# PowerBass USA, Inc., Attn: Returns (RA#\_\_\_\_\_) 2133 S. Green Privado, Ontario, CA 91761

Residents of HI, AK and US territories will be charged for return shipping. All inquires regarding service and warranty should be sent to the above address.

# Removed or altered serial numbers will void this warranty



PowerBass Xtreme – A division of PowerBass USA, Inc. 2133 S. Green Privado – Ontario, CA 91761 Tel. (909) 923-3868 – Fax (909) 923-8048

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